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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Gadus S2 V220AD 2
Product code	:	001D8458

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	•	Automotive and industrial grease.
	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier :	Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone	(+44) 08007318888
Telefax	
Email Contact for Safety Data : Sheet	If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	r

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC)	No 1272/2008)
Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	:	No signal word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.

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Precautionary statements	: Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal:	criteria. ENVIRONMENTAI	health hazard under CLP HAZARDS: nvironmental hazard criteria.

Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives.
		The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-
		extract, according to IP346.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid meas	ures
General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.

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Wa	ater and follow by washing with soap if	available.
ur ca foi Ol	der the skin can occur. If high pressure sualty should be sent immediately to a symptoms to develop. otain medical attention even in the abse	e injuries occur, the hospital. Do not wait
Re rin	emove contact lenses, if present and ea ising.	asy to do. Continue
d effe	cts, both acute and delayed	
of	black pustules and spots on the skin of	f exposed areas.
edica	al attention and special treatment ne	eded
inf da Be de ar ca su fol	ervention and possibly steroid therapy, mage and loss of function. ecause entry wounds are small and do riousness of the underlying damage, su termine the extent of involvement may aesthetics or hot soaks should be avoi n contribute to swelling, vasospasm ar rgical decompression, debridement an reign material should be performed unc	to minimise tissue not reflect the urgical exploration to be necessary. Local ded because they ind ischaemia. Prompt d evacuation of ler general
	: No If: : Re wa If: W Un ca for Of wo : Flu : Re rin If: : In ar : Oi : In d effe : Oi : In tis tis tis tis tis tis tis tis tis tis	 Revision Date 14.06.2017 No treatment necessary under normal coulf symptoms persist, obtain medical advice Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exwater and follow by washing with soap if If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical when using high pressure equipment, injunder the skin can occur. If high pressure casualty should be sent immediately to a for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the abservation wounds. Flush eye with copious quantities of wate Remove contact lenses, if present and earinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention occurs, obtain medical attention are swallowed, however, get medical advice are swallowed, however, get medical advice and delayed Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms in of black pustules and spots on the skin o Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed or tissue damage a few hours following injermetical attention and special treatment need is suppromatically. High pressure injection injuries require printervention and possibly steroid therapy, damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do seriousness of the underlying damage, si determine the extent of involvement may anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoi can contribute to swelling, vasospasm ar surgical decompression, debridement an foreign material should be performed uncanaesthetics, and wide exploration is essible to a seriousnes of the underlying damage, si determine the extent of involvement may anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essible to a formed uncanaesthetics, and wide exploration is essible to a seriousnes of the uncanaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoi can contribute to swelling, vasospasm ar surgical decompression, debridement an foreign material should be performed uncanaesthetics, and wide exploration is essible applintereation is essible to a seriousnes of hot soaks should be avo

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

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Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemic dioxide, sand or earth may be used for	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may mixture of airborne solid and liquid pa (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be e combustion occurs. Unidentified orga compounds.	rticulates and gases volved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including gloves are to be worn; chemical resis large contact with spilled product is ex Breathing Apparatus must be worn with a confined space. Select fire fighter's relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN-	tant suit is indicated if xpected. Self-Contained hen approaching a fire in clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding e	appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

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General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data shee assessment of local circumstances to appropriate controls for safe handling this material.	t as input to a risk help determine
7.1 Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, saf worn and proper handling equipment Properly dispose of any contaminated materials in order to prevent fires.	ety footwear should be should be
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities	
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a place. Use properly labeled and close	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
	Refer to section 15 for any additional covering the packaging and storage of	
	The storage of this product may be se Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Reg guidance may be obtained from the le agency office.	gulations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or c steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ontainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not b temperatures because of possible ris	
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

ComponentsCAS-No.Value type (Form of exposure)Control parametersBasis

SAFETY DATA SHEET Regulation 1907/2006/EC Shell Gadus S2 V220AD 2

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	Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
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Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with

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PPE suppliers.		
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it couprotective eyewear is recommended Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product gloves approved to relevant standard US: F739) made from the following r suitable chemical protection. PVC, n gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration of resistance of glove material, dexterit from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a key care. Gloves must only be worn on of gloves, hands should be washed and Application of a non-perfumed moist	ds (e.g. Europe: EN374, materials may provide leoprene or nitrile rubber glove is dependent on of contact, chemical y. Always seek advice gloves should be element of effective hand clean hands. After using d dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recomme breakthrough time of more than 240 for > 480 minutes where suitable glo short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offerir may not be available and in this case time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are followe a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically g depending on the glove make and m	minutes with preference oves can be identified. For ommend the same, but ng this level of protection e a lower breakthrough ppropriate maintenance ed. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily requi work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical	
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinarily conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ad health, select respiratory protection of specific conditions of use and meetin Check with respiratory protective equination Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined p	ygiene practices, d breathing of material. ain airborne equate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ng relevant legislation. uipment suppliers. itable, select an d filter.

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	and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point meeting EN14387 and EN143.	> 65°C (149°F)]
Thermal hazards	Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	Exposure to this product should be reduce reasonably practicable. Reference should Health and Safety Executive's publication Essentials".	be made to the
Environmental exposure contr	ols	
General advice :	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the representation of the environmental protection legislatic contamination of the environment by follow Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissore being discharged to waste water. Waste water discharge to surface water. Usefore discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for vol must be observed for the discharge of extrapour. 	ion. Avoid wing advice given in lved material from vater should be water treatment plant atile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Semi-solid at ambient temperature.	
Colour	: black	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
Drop point	: 175 °CMethod: IP 396	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Data not available	
Flash point	: Remarks: Not applicable	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	

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Lower explosion limit	\therefore Typical 1.94(1/1)	
	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 1.000 (15 °C)	
Density	: 1,000 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: Unspecified	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on	n similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	e a static accumulator.
Description of the second second	Defense for all the	

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

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10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions					
Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.				
10.4 Conditions to avoid					
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlig	nt.			
10.5 Incompatible materials					
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products					
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are no during normal storage.	t expected to form			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity			
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

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Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

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Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment Product:	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic:
toxicity)	LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
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Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

	Product:		
	Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential		
	Product:		
	Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4	Mobility in soil		
	Product:		
	Mobility	:	Remarks: Semi-solid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB asse	es	sment
	Product:		
	Assessment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6	Other adverse effects		
	Product:		
	Additional ecological information	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming
10/	10		8000010160

	Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouli organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic ε	effects to	
		Revision Date 14.06.2017 Print Date 15.06.2017 potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	
derat	tions		
	It is the responsibility of the waste generator to de toxicity and physical properties of the material ge determine the proper waste classification and dis methods in compliance with applicable regulation Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or	nerated to posal is.	
	ground water, or be disposed of into the environn	nent.	
	to a recognized collector or contractor. The comp the collector or contractor should be established I Disposal should be in accordance with applicable	petence of beforehand.	
:			
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):		
:			
	12 01 12*		
		e regional,	
		y of the end	
		 derations Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to detoxicity and physical properties of the material gedetermine the proper waste classification and dismethods in compliance with applicable regulation Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or courses Waste product should not be allowed to contamir ground water, or be disposed of into the environm Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations to a recognized collector or contractor. The compthe collector or contractor should be established I Disposal should be in accordance with applicable national, and local laws and regulations. EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC): 12 01 12* Disposal should be in accordance with applicable national, and local laws and regulations. Classification of waste is always the responsibility user. 	

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
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RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.2 Proper shipping name		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.3 Transport hazard class		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.6 Special precautions for u	ser	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter	
	for special precautions which a user ne	
	needs to comply with in connection with	n transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk accordi	ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IB	C Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable	
Ship type	: Not applicable	
Product name	: Not applicable	
Special precautions	: Not applicable	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk	shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances si (Annex XIV)	ubject to authorisation	: Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%	
Other regulations		tion Act 1990 (as amended). Health and ct 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987.
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Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carria and Use of Transportable Pressure I Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazar Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2 Substances Hazardous to Health Re amended). Merchant Shipping (Dang Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Repor and Dangerous Occurrences Regula Personal Protective Equipment Regula Protective Equipment at Work Regula Waste (England and Wales) Regulat Control of Major Accident Hazards R amended). Renewable Transport Fu (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Em (England and Wales) Regulations 20 (England and Wales) Regulations 20 Planning (Hazardous Substances) A regulations. The Environmental Prote	age of Dangerous Goods Equipment (Amendment) rd Information and 2009. Control of egulations 2002 (as gerous Goods and Marine ting of Injuries, Diseases ations 1995 (as amended). Julations 2002. Personal ations 1992. Hazardous tions 2005(as amended). Regulations 1999 (as el Obligations Order 2007 vironmental Permitting 2010 (as amended). Waste 2011 (as amended). ct 1990 and associated ection (Controls on

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms	: The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup

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Version 3.4	Revision Date 14.06.2017 DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxico Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Exist Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemin Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Cla Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research IATA = International Maritime Dangerous INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test methor determination of polycyclic aromatics DMS KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventor LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Loading/Effective Loadin LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Exposure - High PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and To PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Aut Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment	ology and ating Commercial nical Substances assification and on Cancer tion Goods d N° 346 for the O-extractables y g/Inhibitory loading e Prevention of entration / No Production Volume xic and Chemical
	TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccum	ulative

Further information

Other information : No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data

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sheet as it is a non-classified mixture containing no hazardo substances. Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS is not required for this product. Therefore, this SDS has been created on a volunta basis to pass on potentially relevant information required under Article 32. A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment	
nom the previous version.	
	Revision Date 14.06.2017 sheet as it is a non-classified mixtur substances. Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS product. Therefore, this SDS has be basis to pass on potentially relevant under Article 32.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.